SoundInsight N°24

01

The "Trump Trade" continues

02

Fundamental data will be back in

focus

03

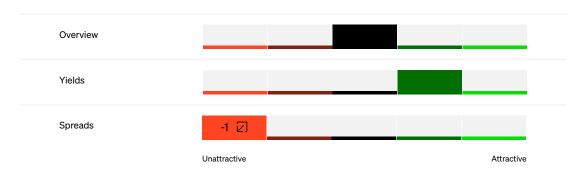
Equity positioning remains neutral

04

Consumer staples downgraded to

neutral

Bonds



Equities



Posted 11/25/2024 by Christian Luchsinger

A new chapter for the Global Economy?

The decisive outcome of the U.S. elections has triggered significant price movements in financial markets, driven by the political measures outlined during the campaign. However, in the medium term, fundamental economic data is likely to play a more critical role in shaping market developments.

This years U.S. elections, often referred to as "the most important election" by many observers, turned out to be less closely contested than polls had suggested. Not only was Donald Trump decisively elected as the 47th President of the United States, but the Republican Party also secured a majority in both chambers of Congress. This clear electoral outcome, avoiding the uncertainty of a contested vote count, led to notable gains in risk assets across the U.S. Additionally, the "Trump Trade," which had begun to take shape even before the election, continued to gain momentum based on campaign promises.

One of the key pledges during the campaign was tax reform, including a reduction in corporate tax rates. Lower taxes are expected to boost corporate profits, attract more investment, and positively impact economic growth. The new administration has also committed to a strategy of deregulation, particularly in the financial and energy sector, which has driven significant stock price gains in these industries.

However, the administration's proposed trade policies present notable risks to growth. Tariffs of 60% on imports from China and 10% on imports from other parts of the world could disrupt global trade, weaken domestic demand in the U.S., and slow economic growth, particularly in China. Furthermore, tariffs would likely lead to higher prices, increasing the risk of rising inflation.

In summary, the planned measures are likely to provide only limited long-term growth impulses, with the structure and implementation of tariffs playing a decisive role. Both campaign promises - tax cuts and trade policies - are inherently inflationary. The rise in interest rates, particularly at the long end of the yield curve, suggests that markets are pricing in the potential inflationary effects of Trump's policy agenda. However, significant uncertainty remains about whether these measures will be implemented as planned and how they will ultimately impact price developments.

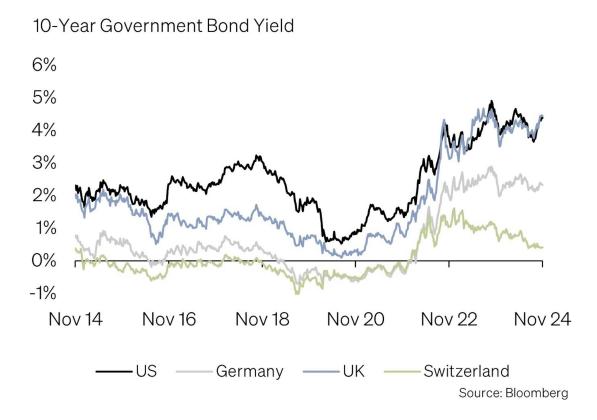
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Tax cuts, which would increase the fiscal deficit, are expected to spark debates, even with a Republican majority in Congress. Moreover, the Trump administration is likely aware that a significant portion of its electoral success stems from public dissatisfaction with rising prices. A resurgence of inflation would not align with the administration's interests. Additionally, higher interest rates and the associated rising debt burden could pose a challenge for the new government.

As Trump's tax and trade policies are unlikely to take effect until the second half of 2025 or early 2026, medium-term market developments are more likely to be driven by economic fundamentals. In this context, we consider a soft landing for the U.S. economy to be a probable scenario, which would give central banks room to lower interest rates further.

Given current high valuations and ambitious earnings expectations for 2025, we maintain a neutral stance on equities. In light of the subdued outlook for the consumer staples sector this earnings season, we are reducing our overweight in the sector to a neutral position. In fixed income, we continue to avoid credit risk, as risk premiums have fallen to record lows following the U.S. elections.

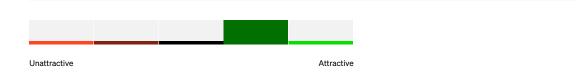
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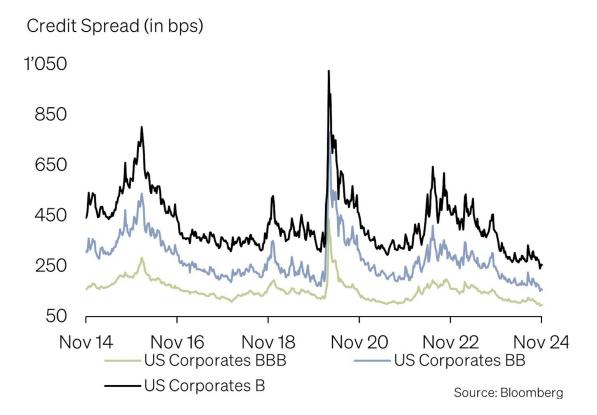
Yields

The inflationary impact of the Trump administration's proposed trade policies, coupled with the anticipated expansion of the fiscal deficit due to tax cuts, has already led to an increase in interest rates - particularly at the long end of the yield curve. Moreover, inflation expectations moved higher. In the short term, however, macroeconomic data is likely to have a greater influence on central bank monetary policy.

Based on current hard data, the Federal Reserve cut rates at its meeting shortly after the U.S. elections. We anticipate further rate cuts and view the current interest rate environment as attractive. As a result, we recommend focusing on longer maturities in USD and GBP.



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Spreads

Following the U.S. elections, credit spreads have continued to decline amid increased risk appetite, reaching their lowest levels since 1997. Historical trends suggest that the potential for further compression at these levels is limited. As a result, we continue to avoid elevated credit risks, favoring government bonds and high-quality corporate bonds instead.



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Equity Risk Premium

Due to rising equity markets and an increase in real interest rates, equity risk premiums have declined further. Markets continue to anticipate strong earnings growth for 2025.



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Services PMI																					
	Feb23	Mar 23	Apr 23	May 23	Jun 23	Jul 23	Aug 23	Sep 23	Oct 23	Nov 23	Dec 23	Jan 24	Feb24	Mar 24	Apr 24	May 24	Jun 24	Jul 24	Aug 24	Sep 24	Oct 24
Global	52.5	54.3	55.2	55.3	53.8	52.6	51.0	50.7	50.4	50.7	51.6	52.3	52.4	52.4	52.7	54.0	53.1	53.3	53.8	52.9	53.1
United States	50.6	52.6	53.6	54.9	54.4	52.3	50.5	50.1	50.6	50.8	51.4	52.5	52.3	51.7	51.3	54.8	55.3	55.0	55.7	55.2	55.0
JSA ISM	55.0	51.2	52.3	51.0	53.6	52.8	54.1	53.4	51.9	52.5	50.5	53.4	52.6	51.4	49.4	53.8	48.8	51.4	51.5	54.9	56.0
Eurozone	52.7	55.0	562	55.1	52.0	50.9	47.9	48.7	47.8	48.7	48.8	48.4	50.2	51.5	53.3	53.2	52.8	51.9	52.9	51.4	51.6
Inited Kingdom	53.5	52.9	55.9	55.2	53.7	51.5	49.5	49.3	49.5	50.9	53.4	54.3	53.8	53.1	55.0	52.9	52.1	52.5	53.7	52.4	52.0
witzerland	55.3	54.2	52.2	52.6	49.6	42.7	50.3	52.8	52.2	53.6	56.9	54.6	53.0	47.6	55.6	48.8	52.0	44.7	52.9	49.8	51.8
China	55.6	56.9	55.1	53.8	52.8	51.5	50.5	50.9	50.1	49.3	49.3	50.1	51.0	52.4	50.3	50.5	502	50.0	50.2	49.9	50.1
apan	54.0	55.0	55.4	55.9	54.0	53.8	54.3	53.8	51.6	50.8	51.5	53.1	52.9	54.1	54.3	53.8	49.4	53.7	53.7	53.1	49.7
Manufacturing PMI																					
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	Feb 23	Mar 23	Apr 23	May 23	Jun 23	Jul 23	Aug 23	Sep 23	Oct 23	Nov 23	Dec 23	Jan 24	Feb 24	Mar 24	Apr 24	May 24	Jun 24	Jul 24	Aug 24	Sep 24	Oct 24
Global				7. May 2.	87 Jun 23	8.6 48.6	0. Aug 23		TOTAL					9.05 9.05 9.05	203 24 24	O. May 24	9.05 8.00 8.00	,	49.69 49.69	48.7 8eb 54	4.0ct 24
	49.9		49.5	49.5	48.7	-	49.0	49.2	48.8	49.3	49.0	50.0	50.3	50.6			50.8	49.7			
ISA S&P Global	49.9 47.3	49.6 49.2	49.5	49.5 48.4	48.7 46.3	48.6	49.0 47.9	49.2 49.8	48.8 50.0	49.3 49.4	49.0 47.9	50.0	50.3 52.2	50.6 51.9	50.3 50.0	51.0 51.3	50.8	49.7 49.6	49.6 47.9	48.7	49.4 48.5
SA S&P Global SA ISM	49.9 47.3 47.7	49.6 49.2	49.5 50.2 47.0	49.5 48.4 46.6	48.7 46.3	48.6 49.0 46.5	49.0 47.9	49.2 49.8 48.6	48.8 50.0 46.9	49.3 49.4 46.6	49.0 47.9 47.1	50.0 50.7	50.3 52.2 47.8	50.6 51.9 50.3	50.3 50.0	51.0 51.3 48.7	50.8 51.6 48.5	49.7 49.6 46.8	49.6 47.9 47.2	48.7 47.3	49.4 48.5 46.5
JSA S&P Global JSA ISM Jurope	49.9 47.3 47.7 48.5	49.6 49.2 46.5 47.3	49.5 50.2 47.0 45.8	49.5 48.4 46.6 44.8	48.7 46.3 46.4	48.6 49.0 46.5 42.7	49.0 47.9 47.6	49.2 49.8 48.6 43.4	48.8 50.0 46.9	49.3 49.4 46.6 44.2	49.0 47.9 47.1 44.4	50.0 50.7 49.1 46.6	50.3 52.2 47.8 46.5	50.6 51.9 50.3 46.1	50.3 50.0 49.2	51.0 51.3 48.7 47.3	50.8 51.6 48.5	49.7 49.6 46.8 45.8	49.6 47.9 47.2	48.7 47.3 47.2 45.0	49.4 48.5 46.5
JSA S&P Global JSA ISM Jurope Jnited Kingdom	49.9 47.3 47.7 48.5	49.6 49.2 46.5 47.3 47.9	49.5 50.2 47.0 45.8 47.8	49.5 48.4 46.6 44.8	48.7 46.3 46.4 43.4 46.5	48.6 49.0 46.5 42.7 45.3	49.0 47.9 47.6 43.5	49.2 49.8 48.6 43.4 44.3	48.8 50.0 46.9 43.1	49.3 49.4 46.6 44.2	49.0 47.9 47.1 44.4 46.2	50.0 50.7 49.1 46.6 47.0	50.3 52.2 47.8 46.5 47.5	50.6 51.9 50.3 46.1	50.3 50.0 49.2 45.7 49.1	51.0 51.3 48.7 47.3	50.8 51.6 48.5 45.8 50.9	49.7 49.6 46.8 45.8	49.6 47.9 47.2 45.8 52.5	48.7 47.3 47.2 45.0	49.4 48.5 46.5 46.0 49.9
Global JSA S&P Global JSA ISM Europe Jnited Kingdom Switzerland China Local	49.9 47.3 47.7 48.5 49.3	49.6 49.2 46.5 47.3 47.9	49.5 50.2 47.0 45.8 47.8 45.3	49.5 48.4 46.6 44.8 47.1 43.2	48.7 46.3 46.4 43.4 46.5 44.9	48.6 49.0 46.5 42.7 45.3 38.5	49.0 47.9 47.6 43.5 43.0 39.9	49.2 49.8 48.6 43.4 44.3 44.9	48.8 50.0 46.9 43.1 44.8 40.6	49.3 49.4 46.6 44.2 47.2 42.1	49.0 47.9 47.1 44.4 46.2 43.0	50.0 50.7 49.1 46.6 47.0 43.1	50.3 52.2 47.8 46.5 47.5 44.0	50.6 51.9 50.3 46.1 50.3	50.3 50.0 49.2 45.7 49.1 41.4	51.0 51.3 48.7 47.3 51.2 46.4	50.8 51.6 48.5 45.8 50.9 43.9	49.7 49.6 46.8 45.8 52.1	49.6 47.9 47.2 45.8 52.5	48.7 47.3 47.2 45.0 51.5	49.4 48.5 46.5 46.0 49.9 49.9

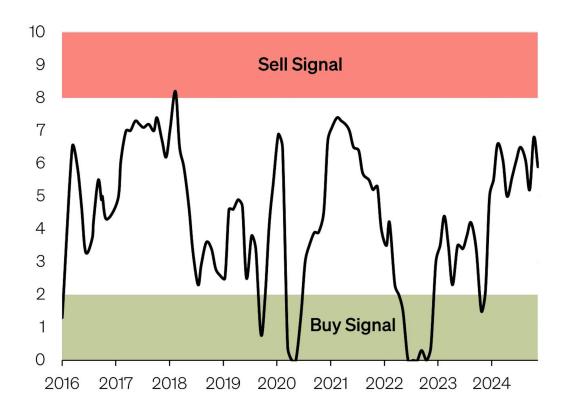
Description: The Purchasing Managers' Index (PMI) is a forward-looking economic indicator based on company surveys. A value above 50 indicates an improving economic environment, whereas a value below 50 indicates a worsening environment.

Leading Indicators

Leading indicators in the manufacturing sector increased last month but remain slightly below the threshold of 50. In the services sector, the indicators have risen and continue to signal economic expansion. Overall, however, the composite indicator remains in neutral territory.



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Risk-Index

Despite the positive reaction of global equity markets to the U.S. elections, the risk index has declined. This can be attributed to the fact that optimism has been largely concentrated on U.S. equities, while a broad-based rally has yet to materialize. Additionally, fund managers' cash holdings have slightly increased, indicating a reduced appetite for risk.



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Appendix

SoundInsights is the central tool for our investment allocation. We use it to systematically and consistently assess the aspects that are relevant to the development of the financial markets. As a result, our clients can rely on a rational and anti-cyclical implementation of our investment decisions.

- Focusing on the essentials Interest rate level, risk premium, valuation, economic development, investor
 sentiment and positioning. These are the decisive factors for success on the financial markets, especially in
 turbulent times when the temptation to react irrationally to the headlines is particularly strong.
- · Comparability over time and place

The factors mentioned above are equally relevant for all markets and at all times. This is the result of a strict «backtesting» process that continues into the future.

· Cumulating our investment experience

Our strength lies in the many years of experience of our partners and principals. It is precisely this experience that we summarize and make it applicable with SoundInsights.

Transparency

Thanks to our monthly publication, our clients always know where we stand in the investment cycle and how we expect the financial markets to develop.

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Datasource: Bloomberg, BofA ML Research